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ONTARIO HOSPITAL SERVICES COMMISSION

*Annual Report 1963*





ONTARIO



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## ONTARIO HOSPITAL SERVICES COMMISSION

OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN

2195 YONGE STREET, TORONTO 7

THE HONOURABLE M. B. DYMOND, M.D., C.M.  
MINISTER OF HEALTH.

Honourable Sir:

It is with pleasure that I present to you the 1963 Annual Report of the Commission outlining the more significant features of the Commission's activities in 1963, and some of the trends that have been witnessed since the Plan began on January 1, 1959. It is intended to complement this report in the very near future with a Statistical Supplement containing audited statistical and financial data relevant to the individual hospitals of this province that provide services covered by the Plan.

During 1963, several changes took place in the composition of the Commission. In May, the resignation of Dr. R. W. Ian Urquhart as Chairman was formally accepted, although he served as a consultant to the Commission until November. In addition, the resignations of the Vice-Chairman, Rt. Rev. Monsignor John G. Fullerton and the General Manager, Mr. David W. Ogilvie were received and accepted. The reorganization of the seven-member Commission saw the appointment of the Chairman as Chief Commissioner, together with a Commissioner of Finance and a Commissioner of Hospitals, who form the Executive and with the Secretary meet regularly to manage the daily operations of the Commission. The Executive Committee, in turn, meets and confers with the remaining three members of the Commission on matters of policy and the approval of decisions related thereto. A diagram showing the basic organizational structure of the Commission has been included in the main body of this report.

Hospital construction reached a new high in 1963 with the opening of 3,012 hospital beds in nineteen major projects. Consequently, 43,133 beds were available by the end of 1963 throughout the province in public, private and Federal hospitals, including nursing homes temporarily approved as chronic-care facilities.

In August 1963, Prime Minister John P. Robarts, announced that capital grants for hospital construction would be increased by 60% for active treatment beds and for auxiliary service areas. This resulted in an increase from \$2,000 to \$3,200 per active treatment bed or bed unit. For any hospital under construction on that date, provision was made for a partial grant based on the percentage of work still incomplete as of August 15, 1963. Prior to the publishing of this report still further assistance by way of low interest rate loans was made available to hospitals to encourage and assist the development of new hospital beds.

The Provincial Government has continued to give increased support to the hospital care insurance plan. The amount for support of general, convalescent and chronic hospital care reached \$56,643,645 during this year.

This, of course, is only a part of the Province's share of hospital care. Since the Ontario plan includes, as insured services, care in mental hospitals and in tuberculosis sanatoria, and since the cost is not shared by the Federal Government the entire cost comes out of Provincial funds. This cost, during the past calendar year, reached \$68,019,798.

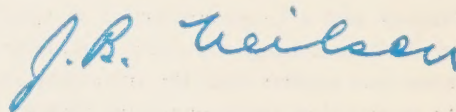
In addition, grants totalling \$16,223,843 were contributed by the Province for hospital construction or for other special purposes. A summary is shown in the following "Report of the Commission."

Expenditures in hospitals participating under the hospital insurance programme continued to rise, but at a slower rate than in earlier years. Hospital costs reimbursed by the Commission rose to \$273,879,452, representing an increase of 12.0 per cent over the year before. Comparable increases in expenditures for the years 1960 to 1962 were 19.6, 13.9 and 13.8 per cent respectively. The largest single factor in the cost of public hospital care, was salaries and wages, which represented about 66.4 per cent of the gross cost of operating hospitals. Since 1959, the cost to the Commission for one day of care has increased from \$16.16 to \$22.13 in 1963.

Considerable preparatory work was undertaken in 1963 towards determining the level of the new premium rates and the wider range of out-patient benefits, which came into being in 1964. Effective July 1, 1964, premiums were increased to \$3.25 and \$6.50 for single and family coverage respectively. At this time, out-patient benefits were extended to cover the treatment of fractures where the original admission was as an in-patient, and to include as an insured service radiotherapy treatments for cancer, physiotherapy, occupational therapy and speech therapy.

In helping to solve these and other major problems, the Commission wishes to acknowledge the valued assistance and co-operation of the hospitals and the medical profession, which have been rendered through their respective Associations. In addition, much helpful service was received from many government departments. Every effort will be made to retain these relationships so that the Plan may continue to serve the residents of this Province well.

Yours sincerely,



John B. Neilson, M.B.E., M.D.  
*Chairman and Chief Commissioner.*

John B. Neilson, M.B.E., M.D., F.A.C.H.A., *Chairman and Chief Commissioner*

B. L. P. Brosseau, O.B.E., M.C., M.D., *Commissioner of Hospitals*

E. P. McGavin, C.A., *Commissioner of Finance*

Clarence V. Charters, *Commissioner*

W. Bev. Lewis, M.P.P., *Commissioner*

J. McIntosh Tutt, *Commissioner*

Thomas C. Grice, *Secretary to the Commission.*

July 15, 1964



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## REPORT OF THE COMMISSION

During 1963, the Ontario Hospital Services Commission underwent major re-organization. An Executive Committee consisting of three Commissioners was established, for the purpose of directing the daily operations of the organization. This Committee meets and confers regularly with the remaining members of the Commission on matters requiring the formulation of policy.

The two major functions of the Commission are—

- (a) to administer the Plan of Hospital Care Insurance under the terms of existing legislation, and
- (b) to ensure the development throughout Ontario of a balanced and integrated system of hospitals and related health facilities.

The new organizational chart outlining the current lines of authority is shown on page 3.

### INSURED POPULATION

The total number of persons insured in Ontario increased in 1963 by 3.1 per cent over 1962. This growth, as seen in the following table, occurred in every category of beneficiary except hospital indigents. The latter showed a decrease of 12.7 per cent.

<i>Insured through groups</i>	<i>Number in Plan<sup>1</sup></i>		<i>Percentage Increase or Decrease</i>
	<i>1963</i>	<i>1962</i>	<i>1963/62</i>
(a) Payroll deductions and co-operatives . . . . .	4,498,596	4,363,417	3.1
(b) Public welfare <sup>2</sup> . . . . .	140,327	136,045	3.1
(c) Other welfare <sup>3</sup> . . . . .	44,912	42,552	5.5
<i>Insured directly through certificate holders . . . . .</i>	<i>1,589,082</i>	<i>1,524,187</i>	<i>4.3</i>
<i>Hospital indigents<sup>4</sup> . . . . .</i>	<i>97,251</i>	<i>111,428</i>	<i>— 12.7</i>
TOTAL . . . . .	6,370,168	6,177,629	3.1

The 6,370,168 beneficiaries under the Plan constituted 98.1 per cent of the total provincial population eligible for hospital insurance, as opposed to 97.3 per cent in 1962.

### VOLUME OF HOSPITAL CARE

Hospital utilization in Ontario continued to show moderate increases in 1963, primarily in the number of admissions to hospital and patient days of care. The following table illustrates the experience in public and private hospitals where admissions per 1,000 population increased from

<sup>1</sup> All figures shown except hospital indigents are based on the Dominion Bureau of Statistics' estimate of the average number of persons in a family which was 2.559.

<sup>2</sup> Insured by the Ontario Department of Public Welfare.

<sup>3</sup> Includes provincial and municipal indigents, persons on relief roles, wards of Children's Aid Societies and patients in mental institutions and tuberculosis sanatoria who did not insure themselves under the Plan.

<sup>4</sup> Uninsured residents admitted to hospital who were or became indigents and for whom the municipality or province paid a statutory rate.

150 in 1962 to 153 in 1963. As can be seen most of this increase took place in active treatment facilities. This type of accommodation also showed an increase in the days of care per 1,000 population although the rise was lower than that recorded in 1962.

<i>Level of Care</i>	<i>Public and Private Hospitals</i>				<i>Public Hospitals</i>	
	<i>Total Admissions</i>		<i>Total Days of Care</i>		<i>Average Length of Stay</i>	
	<i>1963</i>	<i>1962</i>	<i>1963</i>	<i>1962</i>	<i>1963</i>	<i>1962</i>
Active Treatment.....	151	148	1,539	1,503	10.3	10.3
Convalescent Care.....	1	1	34	31	45.7	45.5
Chronic Care.....	1	1	344	348	277.9	316.8
All levels of care.....	153	150	1,917	1,881	12.2	12.3

The average length of stay for all levels of care in public hospitals decreased by .1 day in 1963. The most significant change occurred in the average length of stay for chronic care which declined by 12.3 per cent. Reference to the two tables on pages 13, and 14 will allow comparisons between the average lengths of stay in different types of hospitals and facilities approved under the plan and other hospital statistics.

## HOSPITAL PLANNING FOR BEDS AND SERVICES

The statistical criterion used by the Commission to fulfill active treatment bed needs in the Province is 5.0 beds per 1,000 population scaled according to whether community, district or regional care is provided. Convalescent care and rehabilitation are allotted .25 beds per 1,000 population while the chronic care ratio is 1 bed per 1,000 population. Each of these ratios is weighted according to the age distribution of the hospital service area to which it is applied.

Public Hospitals in Ontario in 1963 brought into service 3,012 hospital beds<sup>1</sup>, 125 newborn bassinets and 333 beds for accommodation of student nurses and medical interns. The following table provides a distribution of the patient beds brought into operation in 1963 and the number of beds that were either under or approved for construction. Never before have so many new beds been made available in one year. Hospital Boards of Trustees continued to formulate building plans to meet present and future needs. At the close of 1963 there were 32 hospital building projects under construction or with approval to build, designed to bring an additional 3,814 hospital beds into use.

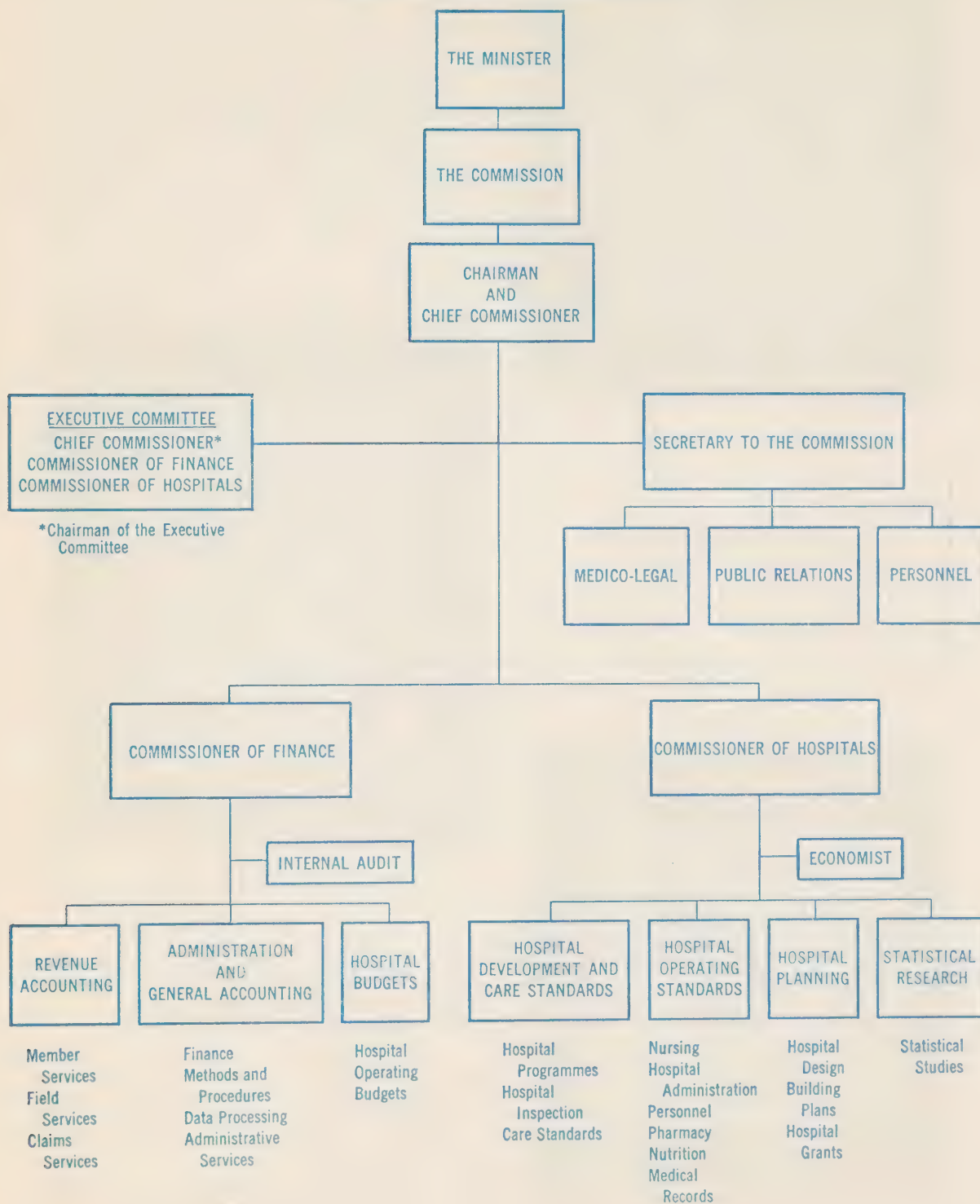
	<i>Adult and Child Beds</i>			<i>Newborn Bassinets</i>	<i>Accommodation for Nurses and Interns</i>
	<i>Active Treatment</i>	<i>Convalescent</i>	<i>Chronic</i>		
New Beds available in 1963 (Gross).	2,096	400	516	136	333
Beds under construction and beds approved but not started as at Dec. 31, 1963.....	3,675	.....	139	584	461

<sup>1</sup> Part of the gross of 3,012 new beds was offset by 890 beds being taken out of service as a result of obsolescence or renovations.

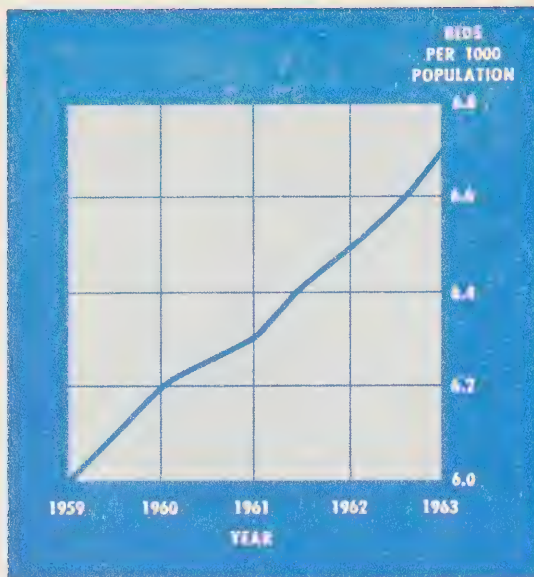


# ONTARIO HOSPITAL SERVICES COMMISSION

## PLAN OF ORGANIZATION

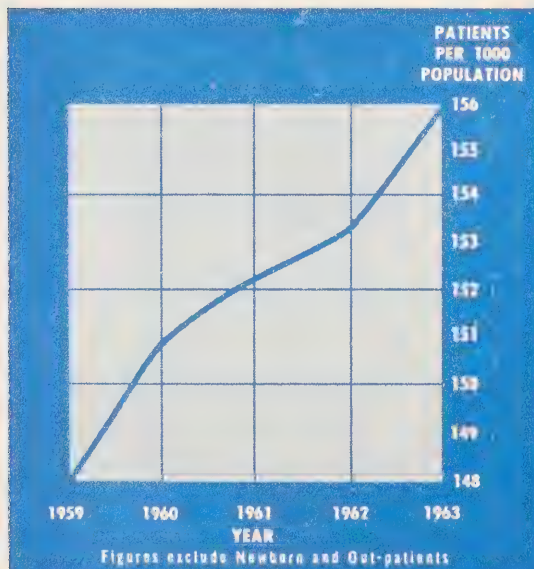
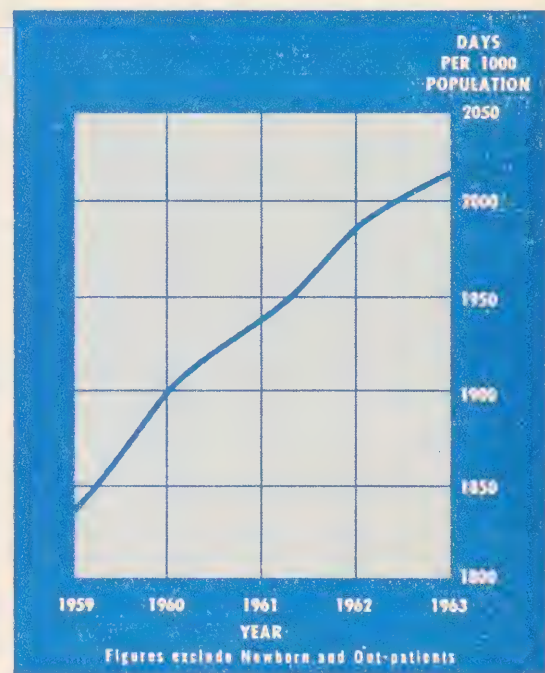






**TOTAL BEDS AVAILABLE PER 1000 POPULATION** (Includes beds in approved Nursing Homes and Federal Hospitals).

**TOTAL DAYS OF CARE PER 1000 POPULATION PER YEAR IN ALL HOSPITALS.**



**TOTAL ADMISSIONS PER 1000 POPULATION PER YEAR IN ALL HOSPITALS.**

There were nineteen major construction projects in public hospitals completed in 1963. Several of the larger ones were: Riverdale Hospital, Toronto; St. Joseph's Hospital, Hamilton; St. Catharines General Hospital, St. Catharines; Peel Memorial Hospital, Brampton; Oakville-Trafalgar Memorial Hospital, Oakville and York Central Hospital in Richmond Hill.

The table below shows a net increase of 2,036 beds in 1963 over 1962. Although more beds exist than the planning formula allows, not all of the beds are located where they are most needed. This is particularly so in some of the Metropolitan areas. It should be noted that psychiatric beds in units of public hospitals and the total available active and chronic beds in the federal hospitals are included in the total figures, but do not form part of the planning formula. When these beds are excluded, the total number of beds that remain, closely approximate the need indicated by the formula.

<i>Type of Bed</i>	<i>Total Rated Bed Capacity at Dec. 31, 1963</i>	<i>Net Increase of Beds 1963/62</i>	<i>Beds per 1,000 Population as at Dec. 31, 1963</i>	<i>Percentage Increase in Beds 1963/62</i>	<i>Percentage Increase in Beds since 1960</i>
Active Treatment.....	34,244	1,251	5.3	3.8	13.1
Convalescent Care and Rehabilitation Training....	1,164	409	.2	54.2	131.4
Chronic Care.....	7,725	376	1.2	5.1	9.7
<b>TOTAL.....</b>	<b>43,133</b>	<b>2,036</b>	<b>6.7</b>	<b>5.0</b>	<b>14.0</b>

## HOSPITAL GRANTS

The Province of Ontario has for many years assisted hospitals with several different types of grants, including capital grants, special capital grants and organized out-patient grants. In 1963 the capital grants promised on approved projects amounted to \$11,959,000. This was \$1.5 million more than the amount approved in 1962. Since the inception of the Hospital Insurance Plan in 1959 the total amount of capital grants for construction of new beds, service areas and renovations has amounted to \$61,802,000. Capital grants, since 1947, have totalled 117.5 million dollars.

The following table shows how much the province has paid in each fiscal year of the Plan in grants to public hospitals.

<i>Fiscal Year Apr. 1- Mar. 31</i>	<i>Capital Grants</i>	<i>Special Capital Grants</i>	<i>Organized Out-patient Grants</i>	<i>Total Grants</i>
1959-1960.....	\$ 7,440,677.06	\$2,321,025.00	\$ 862,695.30	\$10,624,397.36
1960-1961.....	\$ 9,955,544.61	\$2,449,200.00	\$ 928,903.50	\$13,333,648.11
1961-1962.....	\$12,447,000.00	\$4,688,187.00	\$ 984,435.00	\$18,119,622.00
1962-1963.....	\$12,313,559.62	\$3,339,750.00	\$1,008,336.00	\$16,661,645.62
1963-1964.....	\$12,158,023.86	\$3,837,550.00	\$1,029,187.50	\$17,024,761.36

Those public hospitals having organized out-patient departments were paid a grant of \$1.50 for every patient visit to the clinics.

## PILOT PROGRAMME ON HOME CARE

In the fall of 1963 the two year hospital-based home care pilot study under the direction of Dr. L. A. Pequegnat, Medical Officer of Health of the City of Toronto was completed. Analysis of the data confirmed the assumption that substantial economies are possible in the cost of patient care when patients are discharged home earlier than usual. Trained professional personnel provide nursing care, physiotherapy and any other necessary care and treatment. Estimations predict that within two years the programme in Toronto could care for 200 to 245 patients a day. The programme has been extended to cover the whole Metropolitan Toronto area and has approval and financial assistance from the Federal and Provincial governments. The objectives of the Home Care Programme are:

1. To explore the advantages of continued care and recovery in the familiar surroundings of home and family.
2. To determine the use and cost of home care to shorten hospital stays.
3. To make available hospital beds for other patients.

## OUT-PATIENT SERVICES

The emergency, follow-up and other out-patient services available to insured residents continued to provide still further service in 1963.

The table below points out the increase in cost from 1962 to the end of 1963 for available out-patient services.

<i>Cost of Out-patient Services</i>	<i>1962</i>	<i>1963</i>	<i>Percentage Increase 1963/62</i>
Emergency .....	\$3,700,000	<b>\$4,500,000</b>	21.6
Follow-up and Other .....	638,500	<b>930,000</b>	45.7

## FINANCIAL OPERATIONS

The annual comparative financial statements of the Commission for the calendar years 1962 and 1963 are shown on the following pages of this report.

The form of the "Statement of Income and Expenditure" which appeared in prior years has been changed and now appears as the "Statement of Expenditure, Income and Government Contributions". The expenditures of the Commission are presented first followed by an analysis of the source of the funds for these expenditures. The Province meets the balance of expense not provided by premium income and the contribution of the Government of Canada.

The amount considered as excess of income over expenditure which appeared in the "Statement of Income and Expenditure" in prior years reflected mainly investment income. Since this, in effect, reduced the contribution required by the Province, the statement this year has been changed and is described fully in the explanatory note accompanying the financial statements.

An outline of some of the more important features of the statements follows:

### 1. *Expenditure—Insured Hospital Services*

The expenditure incurred for insured hospital services in 1963 was \$273,879,452. This represents an increase of 12.0 per cent over the comparable amount for 1962 of \$244,443,050. The increase includes the operating costs of new beds and services as well as the additional operating cost of existing facilities.



## 2. *Administrative Costs*

The net administrative expenses of the Commission for 1963 were \$5,616,452 which represents 2.0 per cent of the overall costs of the Plan. \$3,829,081 or 68.2 per cent was for salaries and wages. The Commission employed a total of 805 persons at December 31, 1963 as compared with a total of 867 persons at December 31, 1962.

## 3. *Premium Income and Government Contributions*

Premium income earned in 1963 in respect of standard ward coverage totalled \$94,258,198 as compared to \$91,925,705 in 1962. The increase of \$2.3 million is a result of continued population growth and of a further increase in the percentage of population insured.

An amount of 10¢ and 20¢ respectively of each \$2.10 and \$4.20 premium received was transferred to the Government of Ontario to assist in the improvement of care in provincial mental institutions. This transfer amounted to \$4,488,486 in 1963, an increase of \$111,072 over 1962.

The Government of Canada contribution for 1963 was \$132,368,666. The amount was calculated on the formula contained in the Federal-Provincial Agreement and will require slight modification when total 1963 hospital costs for all provinces are known.

Assistance by the Government of Ontario for hospital operating costs and administrative expenses for 1963 was \$56,643,645. In addition, expenditures were made by the Province for mental and tuberculosis care. The combined operating costs of insured health services is summarized below.

### *Expenditures*

Expenditures by Ontario Hospital Services Commission . . .	\$279,495,904	
Payments re Indigents in Unorganized Territories and Indigent Immigrants . . . . .	82,931	\$279,578,835
Department of Health		
Mental Health . . . . .	\$63,307,028	
Tuberculosis Care . . . . .	4,712,770	
		68,019,798
TOTAL . . . . .		<u>\$347,598,633</u>

### *Income and Government Contributions*

Premium Income Gross . . . . .	\$ 94,258,198
Sundry Income . . . . .	713,881
Government Contributions	
Canada . . . . .	132,368,666
Ontario . . . . .	120,257,888
TOTAL . . . . .	<u>\$347,598,633</u>

NOTE: In addition special and capital grants totalling \$ 16,223,843 were made by the Province for an overall capital and operating contribution by the Province of \$136,481,731

#### 4. *Assets and Liabilities*

The Comparative Statement of Assets and Liabilities shows the financial position of the Commission as at December 31, 1963 and 1962.

Deferred income of \$25,370,111 at December 31, 1963 refers to premiums paid in advance for coverage in subsequent months. The funds obtained from these premium pre-payments were, in part, used as working capital to pay hospitals for their costs until the Commission was reimbursed by the Federal and Provincial Governments for their shares of hospital costs. The portion not used in this manner was invested in short-term government securities.

At December 31, 1963, it was estimated that \$1,975,000 was due to the Commission from third parties. This amount represents the estimated portion of hospital costs paid by the Commission that are recoverable from third parties responsible for the hospitalization of insured persons.

Unpaid hospital costs at December 31, 1963 amounted to \$21,623,977. In large part, this amount was owing to public hospitals and is the difference between the allowable costs incurred by hospitals for 1963 and the advances made to them in 1963 based on approved budgets. A further advance is given shortly after the year end and a final settlement made when the hospital's audited financial statements are reviewed by the Commission and allowable costs ascertained.

G. H. SPENCE, B.A., F.C.A.  
PROVINCIAL AUDITOR

R. B. CRANSTON, C.A.  
ASST. PROVINCIAL AUDITOR



ONTARIO

ADDRESS ALL COMMUNICATIONS  
TO THE PROVINCIAL AUDITOR  
PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS, TORONTO

OFFICE OF PROVINCIAL AUDITOR

AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Chairman and Members of the  
Ontario Hospital Services Commission,  
2195 Yonge Street,  
Toronto, Ontario.

I have examined the statement of assets and liabilities of the Ontario Hospital Services Commission as at December 31, 1963 and the statement of expenditure, income and government contributions for the year ended on that date. My examination included a general review of the accounting procedures and such tests of accounting records and other supporting evidence as I considered necessary in the circumstances.

In my opinion the accompanying statement of assets and liabilities and statement of expenditure, income and government contributions present fairly the financial position of the Commission as at December 31, 1963, and the results of its operations for the year ended on that date.

*George H. Spence F.C.A.*

Toronto, Ontario.  
July 3, 1964.

Provincial Auditor



# STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

December 31, 1963

(With comparative figures at December 31, 1962)

ASSETS		
	1963	1962
Cash.....	\$ 2,685,754	\$ 3,337,978
Government of Canada Treasury Bills—at cost and accrued interest (par value \$2,500,000).....	2,496,937	1,498,444
Receivable from Government of Canada.....	20,209,864	18,462,950
Receivable from Province of Ontario.....	19,945,579	19,465,915
Group premiums receivable.....	1,857,445	1,520,807
Estimated hospital costs receivable from other insurers.....	1,975,000	1,700,000
Other receivables and prepaid expenses.....	130,735	107,325
	<u>\$ 49,301,314</u>	<u>\$ 46,093,419</u>

LIABILITIES		
Accrued hospital costs.....	\$ 21,623,977	\$ 18,689,843
Due to Province of Ontario for portion of premiums for improvement of care in Provincial mental institutions....	1,191,319	1,174,701
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities.....	1,115,907	886,396
	<u>\$ 23,931,203</u>	<u>\$ 20,750,940</u>
Deferred income—premiums applicable to insured services in subsequent months.....	25,370,111	24,908,727
Excess of income over expenditure since inception of the Plan (see note).....		433,752
	<u>\$ 49,301,314</u>	<u>\$ 46,093,419</u>

**STATEMENT OF  
EXPENDITURE, INCOME AND GOVERNMENT CONTRIBUTIONS  
for the year ended December 31, 1963**

(With comparative figures for the year ended December 31, 1962)

	1963	1962
<b>EXPENDITURE</b>		
Hospital costs:		
In-patient costs . . . . .	\$270,668,394	\$241,425,586
Out-patient costs . . . . .	5,006,628	4,336,410
Costs recovered from others . . . . .	(1,795,570)	(1,318,946)
	<u>\$273,879,452</u>	<u>\$244,443,050</u>
Operating expenses:		
Salaries . . . . .	\$ 3,829,081	\$ 3,866,139
Rentals, postage, printing and other administrative expenses . . . . .	2,222,245	2,104,559
Expenses recovered from supplementary carriers of hospital insurance and health grants . . . . .	(434,874)	(382,345)
	<u>\$ 5,616,452</u>	<u>\$ 5,588,353</u>
Less refund from Department of Public Works in respect of furniture and office equipment pur- chased in prior years . . . . .	—	389,387
	<u>\$ 5,616,452</u>	<u>\$ 5,198,966</u>
Total expenditure . . . . .	<u><u>\$279,495,904</u></u>	<u><u>\$249,642,016</u></u>
<b>INCOME</b>		
Premiums for insured services . . . . .	\$ 94,258,198	\$ 91,925,705
Less portion of premiums paid to the Province for im- provement of care in Provincial mental institutions	4,488,486	4,377,414
	<u>\$ 89,769,712</u>	<u>\$ 87,548,291</u>
Income from investments . . . . .	280,129	225,666
Excess of income over expenditure since inception of Plan to December 31, 1962 (see note) . . . . .	433,752	—
	<u>\$ 90,483,593</u>	<u>\$ 87,773,957</u>
<b>GOVERNMENT CONTRIBUTIONS</b>		
Government of Canada . . . . .	\$132,368,666	\$114,183,000
Province of Ontario . . . . .	56,643,645	47,910,725
Excess of income over expenditures for 1962 . . . . .	—	(225,666)
	<u>\$189,012,311</u>	<u>\$161,868,059</u>
Total income and Government contributions . . . . .	<u><u>\$279,495,904</u></u>	<u><u>\$249,642,016</u></u>

### *Note to Financial Statements*

In 1962 and prior years a statement of income and expenditure was prepared which showed income from which the expenditure was deducted in arriving at an excess of income over expenditure for the year. The form of presentation has been changed in 1963 to reflect the fact that the contributions from the Government of Canada and the Province of Ontario represent reimbursement for expenditure made rather than receipts of income. The contribution by the Province of Ontario covers the balance of expenditure after deductions of premium and investment income and contributions from the Government of Canada. Accordingly, the contribution of the Province of Ontario in 1963 has been reduced by the excess of income over expenditure amounting to \$433,752 accumulated since inception of the Plan.



## TRENDS IN PUBLIC HOSPITAL CARE, 1961 to 1963

ALL PUBLIC HOSPITALS IN ONTARIO	YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31			Percentage Increase or Decrease 1962/61	Percentage Increase or Decrease 1963/62
	1961	1962	1963		
Population insured by O.H.S.C. ....	6,003,495	6,177,629	6,370,168	2.9	3.1
Rated Beds .....	34,589	36,158	38,280	4.5	5.9
<b>Number of Adult and Child</b>					
Admissions .....	899,391	915,557	951,530	1.8	3.9
Discharges and Deaths .....	898,720	914,387	949,779	1.7	3.9
Patients Under Care During Year (1) .....	925,032	941,894	979,036	1.8	3.9
<b>Total Patient Days (Adults and Children)</b>					
of Discharges and Deaths (2) .....	10,634,945	11,269,306	11,627,490	6.0	3.2
of Care Given During Year (3) .....	10,724,598	11,193,907	11,656,624	4.4	4.1
<b>Average Length of Stay of Patients Discharged or Died</b>					
Active .....	10.1	10.3	10.3	2.0	0.0
Convalescent .....	45.3	45.5	45.7	0.4	0.4
Chronic .....	323.3	316.8	277.9	-2.0	-12.3
Total .....	11.8	12.3	12.2	4.2	-0.8
<b>Number of Diagnostic Radiological Examinations (4) (5) (6)</b>					
In-patients .....	626,852	714,933	773,024	14.1	8.1
Out-patients .....	701,038	784,104	857,164	11.8	9.3
<b>Total Units of Laboratory Service Performed in Hospitals</b>					
In-patients .....	23,191,351	26,881,519	31,360,953	15.9	16.7
Out-patients .....	2,915,400	3,045,237	3,394,585	4.5	11.5
Referred-In .....	1,181,966	1,213,477	1,681,799	2.7	38.6
<b>Total Staff and Employees of Hospitals as at December 31st</b>					
Full-Time .....	60,884	64,240	67,640	5.5	5.3
Part-Time .....	8,297	9,951	10,119	19.9	1.7
<b>Total Paid Hours of Work .....</b>	<b>129,703,406</b>	<b>138,678,158</b>	<b>147,031,373</b>	<b>6.9</b>	<b>6.0</b>

(1) Discharges and deaths plus patients in-residence at end of year.

(2) Days since admission (i.e. includes some days from prior year(s) and not all days of current calendar year).

(3) Days of care given during calendar year to discharges and deaths and patients in-residence at end of year.

(4) Excludes convalescent and chronic hospitals.

(5) Excludes routine admission chest x-rays.

(6) The figures for 1961 and 1962 that were shown in the 1962 Annual Report have been adjusted to eliminate a duplication of fluoroscopic examinations.

# VOLUME OF HOSPITAL CARE

GENERAL INFORMATION	ALL HOSPITALS	PUBLIC			
		ACTIVE TREATMENT		CONVALESCENT	
		Public General Hospitals (1)	Red Cross Outposts	Hospitals (2)	Units of Hospitals
Number of Hospitals or Units in Operation during 1963.....	---	178	14	8	2
Rated Bed Capacity as at December 31, 1963					
Adults and Children.....	43,133	31,330	175	1,044	120
Bassinets.....	6,045	5,809	94	---	---
Percentage of Bed Occupancy					
Adults and Children.....	82.5	84.3	54.8	48.3	77.8
Nursery.....	48.1	48.8	15.7	---	---
Average Number of Adults and Children in Hospital Daily.....	35,599	26,404	96	505	93
Average Length of Stay of Discharges and Deaths					
Adults and Children.....	12.9	10.3	6.4	45.3	47.7
Newborn.....	6.8	6.8	5.7	---	---
Admissions					
Adults and Children.....	1,007,790	934,803	5,396	4,087	727
Newborn.....	155,935	151,854	943	---	---
Total.....	1,163,725	1,086,657	6,339	4,087	727
Discharges and Deaths					
Adults and Children.....	1,006,234	933,325	5,393	4,104	715
Newborn.....	155,988	151,894	946	---	---
Total.....	1,162,222	1,085,219	6,339	4,104	715
Patients Treated During 1963					
Adults and Children.....	1,038,566	956,988	5,475	4,550	801
Newborn.....	158,625	154,477	956	---	---
Total.....	1,197,191	1,111,465	6,431	4,550	801
Total Days' Stay Since Admission of Discharges and Deaths					
Adults and Children.....	12,989,088	9,637,972	34,729	186,061	34,132
Newborn.....	1,060,264	1,034,419	5,350	---	---
Total.....	14,049,352	10,672,391	40,079	186,061	34,132
Days of Care Given in 1963					
Adults and Children.....	12,993,826	9,637,630	35,016	184,170	34,066
Newborn.....	1,060,614	1,034,655	5,378	---	---
Total.....	14,054,440	10,672,285	40,394	184,170	34,066

(1) Includes (a) the Orthopaedic and Arthritic Hospital, Toronto, which is using 45 beds in the Hastings Building at the Riverdale Hospital Toronto, while its new hospital is being constructed, (b) the York Central Hospital, Richmond Hill, opened in December 1963 and (c) the South Muskoka Memorial Hospital, Bracebridge, which opened in October 1963.

(2) The new Riverdale Hospital, Toronto, opened in June 1963 with 409 convalescent beds.

(3) New units for the chronically-ill were opened at South Muskoka Hospital, Bracebridge, October 2, 1963; Clinton Public Hospital, Clinton May 15, 1963; Collingwood General and Marine Hospital, Collingwood, December 20, 1963; Oshawa General Hospital, Oshawa, January 15, 1963 and Owen Sound General and Marine Hospital, Owen Sound, March 26, 1963. The new Riverdale Hospital, Toronto, which opened in June 1963 has a chronic unit of 438 beds without the 99 beds in the older Hastings Building. The 92 bed chronic unit at St. Catharines General, St. Catharines, was decreased to 66 in May of 1963.

# GIVEN IN ONTARIO, 1963

HOSPITALS			PRIVATE HOSPITALS			FEDERAL HOSPITALS AND NURSING STATIONS				NURSING HOMES TEMPORARILY APPROVED FOR CHRONIC CARE (7)
CHRONIC			ACTIVE (4)	CHRONIC (5)	TOTAL (Private)	ACTIVE	CONVAL-ESCENT (6)	CHRONIC (Unit)	TOTAL (Federal)	
Hospitals	Units of Hospitals (3)	TOTAL (Public)								
16	46	---	28	23	51	11	1	4	---	46
3,279	2,332	38,280	847	533	1,380	1,892	...	776	2,668	805
---	---	5,903	118	---	118	24	---	---	24	---
97.5	70.3	83.4	82.0	95.3	87.1	66.8	...	61.0	65.1	90.0
---	---	48.3	40.3	---	40.3	36.8	---	---	36.8	---
3,198	1,639	31,936	694	508	1,202	1,264	...	473	1,737	725
360.9	184.4	12.2	7.9	351.4	14.7	21.9	...	316.1	28.6	217.3
---	---	6.8	6.4	---	6.4	6.9	---	---	6.9	---
3,280	3,237	951,530	32,346	619	32,965	21,746	...	513	22,259	1,036
---	---	152,797	2,681	---	2,681	457	---	---	457	---
3,280	3,237	1,104,327	35,027	619	35,646	22,203	...	513	22,716	1,036
3,306	2,936	949,779	32,348	655	33,003	21,848	...	512	22,360	1,092
---	---	152,840	2,690	---	2,690	458	---	---	458	---
3,306	2,936	1,102,619	35,038	655	35,693	22,306	...	512	22,818	1,092
6,478	4,744	979,036	32,830	1,138	33,968	22,782	...	992	23,774	1,788
---	---	155,433	2,724	---	2,724	468	---	---	468	---
6,478	4,744	1,134,469	35,554	1,138	36,692	23,250	...	992	24,242	1,788
1,193,263	541,333	11,627,490	254,784	230,139	484,923	477,497	...	161,853	639,350	237,325
---	---	1,039,769	17,339	---	17,339	3,156	---	---	3,156	---
1,193,263	541,333	12,667,259	272,123	230,139	502,262	480,653	...	161,853	642,506	237,325
1,167,390	598,352	11,656,624	253,368	185,388	438,756	461,255	...	172,640	633,895	264,551
---	---	1,040,033	17,358	---	17,358	3,223	---	---	3,223	---
1,167,390	598,352	12,696,657	270,726	185,388	456,114	464,478	...	172,640	637,118	264,551

- (4) (a) Lakeshore Private Hospital, New Toronto, is included in the number of licensed private hospitals, but was not in operation in 1963.  
 (b) The Caramat Infirmary, Caramat, closed in November 1963 and the Beckwith Private Hospital, Hagersville, closed in May 1963.  
 The only data not shown for these hospitals are the number of licensed beds.
- (5) (a) The Pines Private Hospital, Clarkson, was closed at the beginning of the year. The Woodland Private Hospital, Toronto, ceased to operate under the Plan January 1963.  
 (b) The 7 bed geriatric unit in the Dalmeny Private Hospital (Chronic Patient Unit), Toronto, was reclassified to nervous ailment.
- (6) The patients and days in the Rideau Health and Occupational Centre, Convalescent Unit, Ottawa, are combined with the figures for chronic care and shown only in the Chronic column as they were not reported separately by the hospital.
- (7) Three nursing homes ceased to operate under the Plan on June 30, 1963.



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